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UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

- In civil, agency, bankruptcy, and mandamus cases, a disclosure statement must be filed by **all** parties, with the following exceptions: (1) the United States is not required to file a disclosure statement; (2) an indigent party is not required to file a disclosure statement; and (3) a state or local government is not required to file a disclosure statement in pro se cases. (All parties to the action in the district court are considered parties to a mandamus case.)
- In criminal and post-conviction cases, a corporate defendant must file a disclosure statement.
- In criminal cases, the United States must file a disclosure statement if there was an organizational victim of the alleged criminal activity. (See question 7.)
- Any corporate amicus curiae must file a disclosure statement.
- Counsel has a continuing duty to update the disclosure statement.

No.	24-1799 Caption: Kipke v. Moore
Pursuant to FRAP 26.1 and Local Rule 26.1,	
Ivan	Bates
(nan	Pellee/Cross-Appellant, makes the following disclosure: pellee/petitioner/respondent/amicus/intervenor) ty/amicus a publicly held corporation or other publicly held entity? YES NO party/amicus have any parent corporations? YES NO, identify all parent corporations, including all generations of parent corporations:
who is <u>Appellee/Cross-Appellant</u> , makes the following disclosure: (appellant/appellee/petitioner/respondent/amicus/intervenor)	
1.	Is party/amicus a publicly held corporation or other publicly held entity? YES NO
2.	Does party/amicus have any parent corporations? If yes, identify all parent corporations, including all generations of parent corporations:
3.	Is 10% or more of the stock of a party/amicus owned by a publicly held corporation or other publicly held entity? ☐ YES ✓ NO

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